

Web scraping meets survey design: combining forces

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Contents

- Scraping, why, what?
- Survey data vs.
 web scraped data
- Technical & legal
- Webscraping phases
- Combining forces
- Wrap up



Scraping projects: why?

Administrative sources

- Tax, social security
- Municipalities/ Provinces
- Supermarkets

Internet sources

- Surveys Less!!!



Scraping projects: what?







Some use cases

- Internet prices for CPI, clothing, airline tickets, restaurants
- Real estate sites for housing statistics
- Job portals for job market statistics
- Consumer sites for second-hand goods for early economic indicators
- Wikipedia for improving the business register
- Enterprise websites for Ecommerce, social media, NACE, etc.



Survey data





Web scraped data



Processing of survey data



Processing of web scraped data



Survey data vs Scraped data

- Designed by NSI
- Well structured
- Relatively stable
- High quality
- Small volumes, processed in waves
- Statistical classifications

- Not designed by NSI
- Sometimes messy
- May change any time
- Quality depends on source
- Can be big, continuous processing & monitoring
- Concepts used in practice



Technical & Legal

Technical: static/dynamic, HTML/API, technology changes, open source

⇒ If you can see it, we can scrape it (and sometimes even more)

Legal: statistical law, intellectual property rights, privacy, netetiquette:

=> Crucial but manageable for an NSI



Three phases in web scraping

1. Site analysis phase:

- Examine the web source(s)
- Programmability, volume, volatility, legal, originality, uniqueness, detail, navigation

2. Data analysis and design phase:

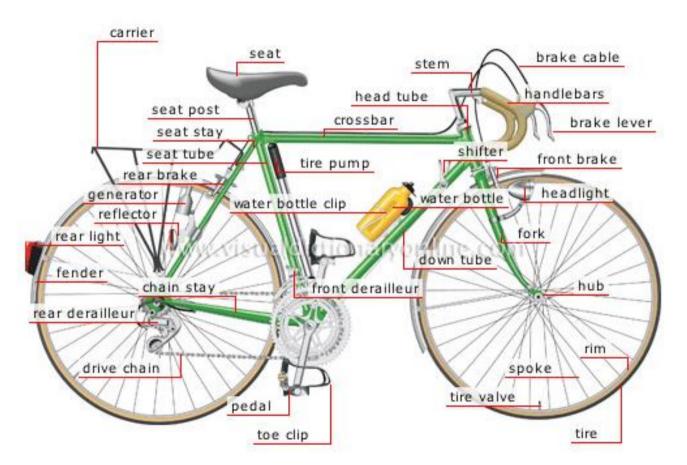
- Set up a test data stream
- Stability, redundancy, plausibility, itentifiability, combinability, role in statistical process

3. Production phase:

- Data used in production
- Monitoring, organisation, maintenance, communication with site owners



Site analysis phase





Data analysis and design phase



Production phase



Combing forces: surveys and scraping

- Can we use the best of both worlds?
- Questions in site analysis and design phase:
 - Can we query the web source(s) per statistical unit from our register?
 - Can we identify a statistical unit from the scraped data directly or indirectly?
 - Can we cluster scraped data into aggregates that link to known statistical units?
 - Can we use the data for calculating a fast beta indicator?



Generic workflow, a first try

Can we query the web source(s) per statistical unit?

Probability sample from
population register
Bias?
Small large
Combine with additional done (survey) data



Calculate coverage
Large small

Can we cluster the scraped data into statistical aggregates or use auxiliary variables to identify units?

yes

no

Pseudo-design based estimate This is a convenience sample, use it as a fast beta indicator if strong correlation is proven.



Wrap up

- Web scraped data differs from survey data in many aspects
- Both have pros and cons
- Webscraping: technical and legal aspects are crucial but manageable
- We see three phases in setting up webscraping
- A first general workflow on combining survey and web data has been sketched



Thank you, questions, ideas, suggestions



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Something you may also be interested in:

Curated list of software for official statistics



www.awesomeofficialstatistics.org

